

## DNase I (RNase-free)



1-800-632-7799  
info@neb.com  
www.neb.com



M0303S 018170319031

# M0303S



1,000 units 2,000 U/ml Lot: 0181703

RECOMBINANT Store at -20°C Exp: 3/19

**Description:** DNase I (RNase-free) is an endonuclease that nonspecifically cleaves DNA to release di-, tri- and oligonucleotide products with 5' -phosphorylated and 3' -hydroxylated ends (1,2). DNase I acts on single- and double-stranded DNA, chromatin and RNA:DNA hybrids.

**Source:** An *E. coli* strain that carries an MBP fusion clone of Bovine Pancreatic DNaseI.

### Applications:

- Degradation of DNA template in transcription reactions
- Removal of contaminating genomic DNA from RNA samples
- DNase I footprinting
- Nick Translation

Supplied in: 2 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.6) and 50% glycerol.

### Reagents Supplied with Enzyme:

10X DNase I Reaction Buffer.

### Reaction Conditions:

1X DNase I Reaction Buffer. Incubate at 37°C.

### 1X DNase I Reaction Buffer:

10 mM Tris-HCl  
2.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>  
0.5 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>  
pH 7.6 @ 25°C

**Unit Definition:** One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme which will completely degrade 1 µg of pBR322 DNA in a total reaction volume of 50 µl in 10 minutes at 37°C.

Complete degradation is defined as the reduction of the majority of DNA fragments to tetranucleotides or smaller.

### Protocol

#### Typical Reaction:

1. Resuspend 10 µg RNA in 1X DNase I Reaction Buffer to a final volume of 100 µl.
2. Add 2 units of DNase I, mix thoroughly and incubate at 37°C for 10 minutes.
3. Add 1 µl of 0.5 M EDTA (to a final concentration of 5 mM).
4. Heat inactivate at 75°C for 10 minutes.

**Quality Assurance:** Free of Detectable RNases.

### Quality Control Assays

**RNase Activity:** Incubation of 100 units of DNase I with 10 µg of double-stranded RNA Ladder for 2 hours at 37°C resulted in the same electrophoretic profile as untreated RNA. Incubation of 2 units of DNase I with 10 µg of single-stranded RNA Ladder for 1 hour at 37°C resulted in the same electrophoretic profile as untreated RNA.

**Heat Inactivation:** 75°C for 10 minutes.

**Note:** EDTA should be added to a final concentration of 5 mM to protect RNA from being degraded during enzyme inactivation (3).

### References:

1. Kunitz, M. (1950) *J. Gen. Physiol.* 33, 349–362.
2. Vanecko, S. and Laskowski, M. (1961) *J. Biol. Chem.* 236, 3312–3316.
3. Huang, Z. (1996) *Biotechniques* 20, 1012–1020.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

## DNase I (RNase-free)



1-800-632-7799  
info@neb.com  
www.neb.com



M0303S 018170319031

# M0303S



1,000 units 2,000 U/ml Lot: 0181703

RECOMBINANT Store at -20°C Exp: 3/19

**Description:** DNase I (RNase-free) is an endonuclease that nonspecifically cleaves DNA to release di-, tri- and oligonucleotide products with 5' -phosphorylated and 3' -hydroxylated ends (1,2). DNase I acts on single- and double-stranded DNA, chromatin and RNA:DNA hybrids.

**Source:** An *E. coli* strain that carries an MBP fusion clone of Bovine Pancreatic DNaseI.

### Applications:

- Degradation of DNA template in transcription reactions
- Removal of contaminating genomic DNA from RNA samples
- DNase I footprinting
- Nick Translation

Supplied in: 2 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.6) and 50% glycerol.

### Reagents Supplied with Enzyme:

10X DNase I Reaction Buffer.

### Reaction Conditions:

1X DNase I Reaction Buffer. Incubate at 37°C.

### 1X DNase I Reaction Buffer:

10 mM Tris-HCl  
2.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>  
0.5 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>  
pH 7.6 @ 25°C

**Unit Definition:** One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme which will completely degrade 1 µg of pBR322 DNA in a total reaction volume of 50 µl in 10 minutes at 37°C.

Complete degradation is defined as the reduction of the majority of DNA fragments to tetranucleotides or smaller.

### Protocol

#### Typical Reaction:

1. Resuspend 10 µg RNA in 1X DNase I Reaction Buffer to a final volume of 100 µl.
2. Add 2 units of DNase I, mix thoroughly and incubate at 37°C for 10 minutes.
3. Add 1 µl of 0.5 M EDTA (to a final concentration of 5 mM).
4. Heat inactivate at 75°C for 10 minutes.

**Quality Assurance:** Free of Detectable RNases.

### Quality Control Assays

**RNase Activity:** Incubation of 100 units of DNase I with 10 µg of double-stranded RNA Ladder for 2 hours at 37°C resulted in the same electrophoretic profile as untreated RNA. Incubation of 2 units of DNase I with 10 µg of single-stranded RNA Ladder for 1 hour at 37°C resulted in the same electrophoretic profile as untreated RNA.

**Heat Inactivation:** 75°C for 10 minutes.

**Note:** EDTA should be added to a final concentration of 5 mM to protect RNA from being degraded during enzyme inactivation (3).

### References:

1. Kunitz, M. (1950) *J. Gen. Physiol.* 33, 349–362.
2. Vanecko, S. and Laskowski, M. (1961) *J. Biol. Chem.* 236, 3312–3316.
3. Huang, Z. (1996) *Biotechniques* 20, 1012–1020.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS



NEW ENGLAND BIOLABS® is a registered trademark of New England Biolabs, Inc.

This product is intended for research purposes only. This product is not intended to be used for therapeutic or diagnostic purposes in humans or animals.



NEW ENGLAND BIOLABS® is a registered trademark of New England Biolabs, Inc.

This product is intended for research purposes only. This product is not intended to be used for therapeutic or diagnostic purposes in humans or animals.