

Revision date 08-Dec-2023

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 2

Section 1: Identification	
Product identifier	
Product name	SNAP-Capture Magnetic Beads
Product No	S9145
Other means of identification	
Synonyms	None
Recommended use of the chemical	and restrictions on use
Recommended use	This product is for research and development only
Uses advised against	No information available
Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	
<u>Supplier</u> New England BioLabs (Australia) Pty 22/270 Ferntree Gully Road Notting Hill, VIC 3168	Ltd
E-mail address	info.au@neb.com
Emergency telephone number	
Company Phone Number	978-927-5054, 800-632-5227 (toll free)
National Poisons Centre	0800 764 766 (toll free)
24 Hour Emergency Phone Number	Chemtrec +65 3163 8374

## Section 2: Hazard identification

#### GHS Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3

Label elements



Signal word Warning

#### Hazard statements

Flammable liquid and vapor Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Ground and bond container and receiving equipment Use non-sparking tools Take action to prevent static discharges Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection Keep cool

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

#### Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention **Skin** 

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower] Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

Fire

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Store locked up

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

May be harmful if swallowed.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Weight-%	
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	50 - 60%		
Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance	1	

\*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### Section 4: First-aid measures Description of first aid measures **General advice** Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Inhalation Remove to fresh air. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician. Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed May cause redness and tearing of the eves. Burning sensation. Inhalation of high vapor Symptoms concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically. Note to physicians Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray. Alcohol resistant foam.
Large Fire	CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.
Special exposure hazards in a fire	
Specific hazards arising from the	Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### chemical

In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

**Special protective equipment and** Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. **precautions for fire-fighters** 

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
Other information	Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.
Methods and material for containm	ent and cleaning up
Methods for containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.
Methods for cleaning up	Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.
Precautions to prevent secondary h	nazards
Prevention of secondary hazards	Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

## Section 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Use personal protection equipment. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
General hygiene considerations	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage ConditionsKeep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat,<br/>sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static<br/>electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials.<br/>Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national<br/>regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations.Incompatible materialsNone known based on information supplied.

## Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	New Zealand	Australia	ACGIH TLV	United Kingdom
Isopropyl Alcohol	TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm	STEL: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm
67-63-0	TWA: 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 999 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL: 500 ppm	STEL: 500 ppm		STEL: 500 ppm
	STEL: 1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		STEL: 1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## Biological occupational exposure limits

Chemical name	New Zealand	ACGIH
Isopropyl Alcohol	-	40 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift at end of
67-63-0		workweek

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls	Showers Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.	
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment		
Eye/face protection	Tight sealing safety goggles.	
Hand protection	Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves.	
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Antistatic boots.	
Respiratory protection	No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.	
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.	

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	Colorless
Color	No information available
Odor	Mild.

Odor threshold	No information available	
Property_	Values	Remarks • Method
pH	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Initial boiling point and boiling range	<b>re</b> No data available	None known
Flash point	36 °C	
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive	No data available	
limits		
Lower flammability or explosive	No data available	
limits		
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	No data available	None known
Water solubility	No data available	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	399 °C	
Decomposition temperature		None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known
Explosive properties	No information available.	
Oxidizing properties	No information available.	
Other information		
Softening point	No information available	
Molecular weight	No information available	
VOC content	No information available	
Liquid Density	No information available	
Bulk density	No information available	
Particle characteristics	No information available	

## Section 10: Stability and reactivity

<u>Reactivity</u>	
Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Explosion data	
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials	

Incompatible materials

None known based on information supplied.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied.

## Section 11: Toxicological information

#### Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

#### **Product Information**

Inhalation	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Eye contact	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes serious eye irritation. (based on components). May cause redness, itching, and pain.
Skin contact	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.
Ingestion	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Symptoms	May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	3,740.00 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	8,118.00 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-gas)	99,999.00 ppm
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	60.2004 mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	99,999.00 mg/l

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Isopropyl Alcohol	= 1870 mg/kg (Rat)	= 4059 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 10000 ppm (Rat)6 h

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	No information available.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical na	ime	New Zealand	IARC
Isopropyl Alcohol	- 67-63-0	-	Group 3
	cy for Research on Cance as to Carcinogenicity in Hur	•	

STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.
Data used to identify the health effects	Refer to Section 16 for Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS.

## Section 12: Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Aquatic ecotoxicity	The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.
Unknown aquatic toxicity	0 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic

environment.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Isopropyl Alcohol	EC50: >1000mg/L (96h,	LC50: =9640mg/L (96h,	EC50: =13299mg/L (48h,
	Desmodesmus subspicatus)	Pimephales promelas)	Daphnia magna)
	EC50: >1000mg/L (72h,	LC50: =11130mg/L (96h,	
	Desmodesmus subspicatus)	Pimephales promelas)	
	. ,	LC50: >1400000µg/L (96h,	
		Lepomis macrochirus)	

Terrestrial ecotoxicity	There is no data for this product.
Persistence and degradability	No information available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

#### **Bioaccumulation**

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Isopropyl Alcohol	0.05

#### Mobility in soil

#### Mobility

No information available.

#### Other adverse effects

No information available.

## Section 13: Disposal considerations

#### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021 of the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste. Flammable substances - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility. They may only be burnt in certain situations. Flammable gases, liquids and solids may only be discharged into the environment or landfill as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with any explosives, oxidising gases, liquids or solids or organic peroxides; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation. Substances which are hazardous to human health or corrosive to metals – may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is no tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances.
Contaminated packaging	For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous substances, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the substance that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if: - the substance has a physical hazard other than corrosive to metal, and has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance; - or for substances that have a health or environmental hazard, or corrosive to metal, the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

## Section 14: Transport information

UN number or ID number	UN1219
Proper shipping name	Isopropyl Alcohol Solution
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	II

#### IMDG

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No information available

#### Special precautions for user

Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information

## Section 15: Regulatory information

#### **Regulatory information**

<u>National regulations</u> EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard	To be determined
National regulations	There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances
Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements	Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain explosives, vertebrate toxic agents and fumigants. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017 for more information

#### International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

International Inventories	
NZIoC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
KECL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
AIIC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

## Section 16: Other information

Prepared by	Environmental, Health and Safety
	978-927-5054
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Revision note	SDS is valid 3 years from revision date. Contact info@neb.com for latest revision
***Indicates updated data si	nce last publication.

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Sec	tion 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL	_ PROTECTION	
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
C	Carcinogen		-

#### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

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#### End of Safety Data Sheet